

# **Supplemental Data**

(Results for 3 months ended June 30, 2023)

August 1, 2023 West Japan Railway Company

# 1. Financial Highlights



#### <Consolidated>

¥ Billions

		3 months	ended	Forecasts				
	Jun 20	Jun. 20	Yo	γ	Foresasts	YoY		
	Jun. 30, 2022	Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Forecasts FY2024.3	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	
Operating Revenues	297.1	369.2	72.1	24.3	1,512.0	116.4	8.3	
(Transportation Revenues)	157.7	197.5	39.8	25.2	807.0	112.4	16.2	
Operating Income	19.5	52.2	32.6	167.3	115.0	31.0	37.0	
Recurring Income	16.9	48.6	31.7	187.5	99.5	25.8	35.2	
Income attributable to owners of parent	57.8	33.3	(24.5)	(42.4)	66.5	(22.0)	(24.9)	

Note: Figures in brackets ( ) are negative values.

#### **■** Results Highlights

- 1. Consolidated Results
- 2. Segments
- 3. Transportation Revenue
- 4. Other
- **■** Earnings Forecasts
- Dividend Plan

- Revenue and profit increased a third straight fiscal year as usage recovered while COVID-19 impacts subsided.
- However, net income fell in the absence of special tax exemptions used last fiscal year.
- Each Group business steadily recovered.
- Transportation revenue recovered to 88.5% of the pre-pandemic level (2019) and 92.4% of the 2018 level, broadly in line with our forecasts, thanks in part to measures to boost revenue and an increase in usage.
- Initiatives to reform the cost structure were strengthened (-¥1.0 billion year on year) while safety measures were steadily implemented. -¥6.5 billion in 1Q was in line with full-year estimate of -¥31.0 billion
- The Company is maintaining its forecasts as of April 28 because trends have been in line with expectations.
- The Company plans to distribute an annual dividend of ¥100 per share.

# 2. Non-Consolidated Financial Results and Forecasts



								¥ Billions
	3 months	3 months ended	Yo	ρY	Major factors	Forecasts	Yo'	Y
	ended Jun. 30, 2022	ended Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Major factors	FY2024.3	Increase/ (Decrease)	%
Operating Revenues	297.1	369.2	72.1	24.3	[increase for a third straight fiscal year]	1,512.0	116.4	8.3
Mobility	183.6	221.5	37.8	20.6	increase in transportation revenue	955.0	121.2	14.5
Retail	36.2	46.5	10.2	28.4	increase in sales of goods and food services	176.5	10.5	6.4
Real estate	44.9	46.3	1.3	2.9	increase in shopping centers and hotel business	216.0	11.0	5.4
Travel and regional solutions	27.3	49.6	22.2	81.4	increase in tourism business	136.5	(26.4)	(16.2
Other businesses	4.8	5.2	0.3	7.3		28.0	0.0	0.0
Operating Expenses	277.6	317.0	39.4	14.2		1,397.0	85.4	6.5
Operating Income	19.5	52.2	32.6	167.3	[increase for a third straight fiscal year]	115.0	31.0	37.0
Mobility	7.9	32.8	24.9	315.8	increase in transportation revenue	72.0	38.7	116.5
Retail	0.1	3.4	3.3	_	increase in sales of goods and food services	6.0	0.5	9.2
Real estate	9.0	10.3	1.3	15.0	increase in shopping centers and hotel business	33.5	(1.0)	(3.1
Travel and regional solutions	1.5	5.1	3.6	242.9		4.0	(2.0)	(34.2
Other businesses	0.6	0.1	(0.5)	(79.6)		1.0	(3.5)	(78.0
Non-operating revenues and expenses, net	(2.6)	(3.5)	(0.9)	_	decrease in employment adjustment subsidy	(15.5)	(5.1)	-
Recurring Income	16.9	48.6	31.7	187.5	[increase for a third straight fiscal year]	99.5	25.8	35.2
Extraordinary profit and loss, net	4.3	(0.1)	(4.4)	_	decrease in gain from sale of fixed asset	0.5	1.2	_
Income taxes	(37.3)	13.7	51.1	_	reactionary decline of special tax treatment	30.0	50.9	_
Income attributable to owners of parent	57.8	33.3	(24.5)	(42.4)	[decrease for the first time in three years]	66.5	(22.0)	(24.9)
Comprehensive Income	58.8	36.5	(22.2)	(37.8)	include 35.0 billion of comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of parent	_	_	

### 3. Major Factors of Increase/Decrease in Each Segment



¥ Billions

			3 months	Yo	ρΥ	# DIIIIOTIS
			ended Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Major factors (YoY)
	NA 1 313		221.5	37.8	20.6	•Moderate recovery in demand (train usage)
	Mobility	Operating Income	32.8	24.9	315.8	
	Sales of goods	Operating Revenues	40.7	9.5	30.4	Moderate recovery in demand     (stores within railway stations, VIAINN)
Retail	and food services	Operating Income	3.0	2.8	_	
Retail	Department stores	Operating Revenues	5.3	0.7	15.3	•Moderate recovery in demand
		Operating Income	0.3	0.4	_	
	Real estate lease	Operating Revenues	22.5	(2.0)	(8.3)	•Decrease in sales for investors
	and sale	Operating Income	5.2	(2.6)	(33.9)	·Sales margin difference
Real estate	Channing contar	Operating Revenues	14.2	1.0	7.6	•Increase in rent income due to a recovery in tenant sales
Real estate	Shopping center	Operating Income	2.7	0.7	39.6	
	Hotal	Operating Revenues	9.2	2.3	33.9	•Moderate recovery in demand (the accomodation department)
	Hotel	Operating Income	0.2	1.2	_	
Travolano	I regional colutions	Operating Revenues	49.6	22.2	81.4	•Moderate recovery in demand (travel)
i i avei allo	l regional solutions	Operating Income	5.1	3.6	242.9	

<sup>\*</sup> Operating revenues are the revenues from third parties ( = customers).

The breakdowns of operating revenues by each segment are the sums of revenues of major subsidiaries.

# 4. Non-Consolidated Financial Results and Forecasts



	,					Г	ı	¥ Billions
	3 months ended	3 months ended	Yo	ΣY	Major factors	Forecasts	Yo	ΣY
		Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Major factors	FY2024.3	Increase/ (Decrease)	%
Operating Revenues	180.1	221.4	41.2	22.9	[increase for a third straight fiscal year]	908.0	116.7	14.8
Transportation revenues	157.7	197.5	39.8	25.2	decrease of covid-19 effects	807.0	112.4	16.2
Transportation incidentals	3.4	3.8	0.3	11.3		15.5	0.7	5.0
Other operations	6.6	7.0	0.3	4.9		28.1	1.0	3.9
Miscellaneous	12.3	13.0 structural refo	0.7	6.0	increase in sales fee, etc.	57.4 structural reform	2.4	4.5
Operating Expenses	166.5	183.7	17.2	10.4		833.0	80.6	10.7
Personnel costs	44.6	48.1	3.4	7.7	increase in bonus, etc.	188.0	1.3	0.7
Non personnel costs	76.1	88.5	12.4	16.3		451.0	73.6	19.5
Energy costs	11.8	16.4	4.6	39.2	increase in adjustment amount for fuel cost, etc.	69.5	9.8	16.6
Maintenance costs	23.8	25.5	1.7	7.4		164.0	23.8	17.0
Miscellaneous costs	40.4	46.4	6.0	14.9	increase in sales fee, etc.	217.5	39.8	22.4
Rental payments, etc.	6.6	6.6	0.0	1.0		27.0	0.3	1.2
Taxes	9.1	9.4	0.3	4.0		37.5	0.0	0.2
Depreciation and Amortization	30.0	30.9	0.9	3.2		129.5	5.2	4.3
Operating Income	13.6	37.6	24.0	175.7	[increase for a third straight fiscal year]	75.0	36.0	92.5

### 5. Transportation Revenues and Passenger-Kilometers



#### **Transportation Revenues**

#### **Passenger-Kilometers**

%, ¥ Billions %, Millions of passenger-kilometers

			3 months ended Jun. 30, 2023	Your Increase/	oY %	compared with FY2019	Forecasts FY2024.3	Your Increase/ (Decrease)	οΥ %	3 months ended Jun. 30, 2023	Your Increase/	oY %	compared with FY2019
	Commuter Passes		2.9	0.1	4.9	3.4	_	_	_	234	10	4.8	2.9
Shinka	ınsen	Non-Commuter Passes	99.4	27.5	38.4	(11.3)	_	_	_	4,396	1,247	39.6	(14.1)
		total	102.4	27.7	37.1	(10.9)	419.0	67.3	19.1	4,631	1,258	37.3	(13.4)
	Kansai	Commuter Passes	26.7	0.8	3.1	(10.2)	_	_	_	4,349	70	1.6	(10.9)
	Urban Area (Kyoto-	Non-Commuter Passes	45.2	7.9	21.3	(11.7)		_		2,386	459	23.9	(16.1)
	Osaka-Kobe Area)	total	71.9	8.7	13.8	(11.1)	294.0	37.2	14.5	6,736	530	8.5	(12.8)
		Commuter Passes	5.6	0.0	0.8	(10.7)	_	_	-	959	3	0.4	(9.3)
Conventional Lines	Other	Non-Commuter Passes	17.5	3.2	23.1	(16.9)	_	_	_	829	176	27.0	(19.6)
		total	23.1	3.3	16.8	(15.5)	94.0	7.9	9.2	1,789	180	11.2	(14.4)
	Com	muter Passes	32.3	0.8	2.7	(10.3)	-	_	-	5,309	74	1.4	(10.6)
	Non-Co	ommuter Passes	62.7	11.2	21.8	(13.2)	_	_	-	3,216	636	24.7	(17.0)
		total	95.0	12.0	14.6	(12.2)	388.0	45.1	13.2	8,525	710	9.1	(13.1)
	Com	muter Passes	35.3	0.9	2.9	(9.2)	_		_	5,543	84	1.6	(10.1)
Total	Non-Co	ommuter Passes	162.2	38.8	31.4	(12.0)	_	_	_	7,613	1,883	32.9	(15.4)
		total	197.5	39.8	25.2	(11.5)	807.0	112.4	16.2	13,156	1,968	17.6	(13.2)

# 6. Capital Expenditures



¥ Billions

	3 months	3 months	Yo	ρΥ	Forecasts
	ended Jun. 30, 2022	ended Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	FY2024.3
Capital Expenditures					
Consolidated	27.3	44.0	16.7	61.2	_
own fund	26.3	42.8	16.5	62.8	267.0
External fund	1.0	1.2	0.1	19.8	_
Capital Expenditures					
Non-consolidated	16.6	20.3	3.7	22.7	_
own fund	15.6	19.1	3.5	22.9	177.0
[Break [Safety-related capital expenditures]	[6.7]	[13.8]	[7.1]	[105.9]	[97.0]
down] [Growth investment, etc.]	[8.8]	[5.3]	[(3.5)]	[(39.9)]	[80.0]
External fund	1.0	1.2	0.1	19.8	_

- Major capital expenditure projects (Non-consolidated)
  - new rolling stock (conventional line)
  - safety and disaster prevention measures (earthquake countermeasures) etc.

# 7. Consolidated Balance Sheets



¥ Billions

# Billion									
	As of March 31,	As of June 30,	Difference	Major factors					
	2023	2023	increase/(decrease)	Plajor factors					
Current assets	716.5	592.2	(124.2)	decrease in cash and deposits					
Noncurrent assets	3,018.3	3,021.7	3.4						
Property, plant and equipment, etc.	2,513.2	2,515.4	2.1						
Construction in progress	117.1	117.7	0.5						
Investments and other assets	387.8	388.5	0.7						
Deferred assets	0.6	0.5	(0.1)						
otal assets	3,735.5	3,614.6	(120.8)						
Current liabilities	658.4	590.1	(68.3)						
Current portion of long-term payables etc.	140.7	139.7	(1.0)	As of March 31, As of June 30, Differer 2023 2023 increase/(ds					
Accounts payable, etc.	517.6	450.3	(67.3)	Balance of Interest-bearing debt 1,662.9 1,587.3 (7					
Noncurrent liabilities	1,932.7	1,862.1	(70.5)	[Average interest rate (%) ] [1.19] [1.23] [0					
Bond and Long-term debt, etc.	1,514.9	1,440.9	(74.0)	Shinkansen Purchase Liability   98.6   98.6     [Average interest rate (%) ]   [6.55]   [6.55]					
Accrued retirement benefits	223.3	224.4	1.1	Bonds 959.9 899.9 (5					
Other long-term liabilities	194.5	196.7	2.2	[Average interest rate (%) ] [0.98] [1.04] [0					
Total liabilities	2,591.1	2,452.3	(138.8)						
Shareholders' equity	1,034.7	1,049.7	15.0						
Common stock	226.1	226.1	_						
Capital surplus	183.9	183.9	-						
Retained earnings	626.1	641.1		profit attributable to owners of parent: 33.3					
Treasury stock	(1.3)	(1.3)	(0.0)	dividend:(18.2)					
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(0.2)	1.4	1.7						
Non-controlling interests	109.8	111.0	1.2						
Total Net assets	1,144.3	1,162.2	17.9	<u> </u>					
otal Liabilities and net assets	3,735.5	3,614.6	(120.8)						

### 8. Other Data



persons, ¥ Billions

persons, # billi								
		ns ended 0, 2022		ns ended 0, 2023	Forecasts FY2024.3			
ROA (%, Consolidated)		0.5		1.4	3.1			
ROE (%, Consolidated)		5.8		3.2		6.3		
EBITDA (Consolidated) *1		58.1		91.7		279.0		
Depreciation (Consolidated)		38.6		39.5		164.0		
	3 months ended June 30, 2022		3 months ended June 30, 2023		Forecasts FY2024.3			
	Consolidated	Non-Consolidated	Consolidated	Non-Consolidated	Consolidated	Non-Consolidated		
No. of employees at the end of period	46,900	22,832	45,897	22,262	_	<u> </u>		
Financial Expenses, net	(4.5)	(3.7)	(4.6)	(3.4)	(19.4)	(17.7)		
Interest and dividend income	0.5	1.4	0.4	1.6	1.1	2.6		
Interest expenses	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	20.5	20.4		
		•						
		ns ended 0, 2022		ns ended 0, 2023	Forecasts FY2024.3			
DER		1.7		1.5				
net Debt / EBITDA		23.8		15.1	_			
Equity ratio (%)		27.6		29.1	_			
Net assets per share (¥)		4,160.82		4,313.96				

<sup>\*&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EBITDA = Operating Income (Loss) + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill

### [Reference-1] Consolidated Financial Results and Forecasts (Segment Information)



¥ Billions

						+ DIIIIO115
	3 months	3 months	YoY		Forecasts	YoY
	ended Jun. 30, 2022	ended Jun. 30, 2023	Increase/ (Decrease)	%	FY2024.3	Increase/ (Decrease)
Operating Revenues*1	297.1	369.2	72.1	24.3	1,512.0	116.4
Mobility	183.6	221.5	37.8	20.6	955.0	121.2
Retail	36.2	46.5	10.2	28.4	176.5	10.5
Sales of goods and food services	31.2	40.7	9.5	30.4	150.5	7.6
[Accommodation-oriented budget hotels] (restated)*2	【2.3】	[5.0]	【2.6】	【110.4】	[18.0]	[4.4]
Department stores	4.6	5.3	0.7	15.3	24.5	2.6
Real estate	44.9	46.3	1.3	2.9	216.0	11.0
Real estate lease and sale	24.6	22.5	(2.0)	(8.3)	118.5	1.4
[Real estate sale](restated)	【11.9】	【9.1】	【(2.8)】	【(23.6)】	【65.1】	[(0.7)]
Shopping center	13.2	14.2	1.0	7.6	58.5	2.7
Hotel	6.9	9.2	2.3	33.9	38.0	6.7
Travel and regional solutions	27.3	49.6	22.2	81.4	136.5	(26.4)
Other businesses	4.8	5.2	0.3	7.3	28.0	0.0
Operating Income (Loss)*1	19.5	52.2	32.6	167.3	115.0	31.0
Mobility	7.9	32.8	24.9	315.8	72.0	38.7
Retail	0.1	3.4	3.3	_	6.0	0.5
Sales of goods and food services	0.2	3.0	2.8	-	5.5	0.8
[Accommodation-oriented budget hotels] (restated)*2	【(0.6)】	[0.8]	【1.4】	_	【1.5】	[2.3]
Department stores	(0.1)	0.3	0.4	_	1.0	0.2
Real estate	9.0	10.3	1.3	15.0	33.5	(1.0)
Real estate lease and sale	7.9	5.2	(2.6)	(33.9)	15.5	(6.3)
[Real estate sale](restated)	[3.8]	[0.9]	【(2.8)】	【(75.2)】	[3.8]	【(4.6)】
Shopping center	1.9	2.7	0.7	39.6	7.5	(8.0)
Hotel	(0.9)	0.2	1.2	_	0.5	2.7
Travel and regional solutions	1.5	5.1	3.6	242.9	4.0	(2.0)
Other businesses	0.6	0.1	(0.5)	(79.6)	1.0	(3.5)

<sup>\*1</sup> The breakdowns of operating revenues and operating income by each segment are the sums of those of major subsidiaries.

<sup>\*2</sup> Figures in brackets [ ] are the sales of accommodation-oriented budget hotel, "VIA INN", sales, excluding Asakusa (other businesses segment), and Hiroshima Kanayamacho (other businesses segment) locations.

### [Reference-2] Major Factors of Increase/Decrease in Transportation Revenues



¥ Billions

Results for 3 months ended June 30, 2023								
			Yo					
			Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Major factors			
				1	Fundamental trend 0.0%			
					Special factors			
Chi	Shinkansen	102.4	27.7	37.1	•Decreasing Covid-19 effects	21.9		
51111		102.4	2/./	37.1	·Inbound Demand Recovery	4.1		
					•Revision of charges (Nozomi,Mizuho)	1.0		
					etc.			
					Fundamental trend 0.0%			
	Kansai Urban Area (Kyoto- Osaka-		8.7	13.8	Special factors			
					•Decreasing Covid-19 effects	3.1		
		71.9			·Inbound Demand Recovery	3.2		
					•Fare revision of special railway sections	0.2		
	Kobe Area)				•Surcharge for the installation of barrier-free equipment	1.3		
					etc.			
					Fundamental trend 0.0%			
					Special factors			
	Other	22.1	2.2	16.0	•Decreasing Covid-19 effects	2.3		
	lines	23.1	3.3	16.8	·Inbound Demand Recovery	0.7		
					•Revision of charges (conventional line express train)	0.1		
					etc.			
Convon	ntional Lines	nal Lines 95.0 12.0 14.6		1/16				
Convei	itional Lines			14.0				
	Total	197.5	39.8	25.2				

Note1: Revenues from luggage transportation are omitted due to the small amount.



#### ¥ Billions

			Results for	3 months ended June 30, 2023		
		Y	οY			
		Increase/ (Decrease)	%	Major factors (YoY)		
Personnel costs	48.1	3.4	7.7	•Increase in bonus •Decrease in personnnel		
Energy costs	16.4	4.6	39.2	•Increase in adjustment amount for fuel cost •Increase in electricity rate		
Maintenance costs	25.5	1.7	7.4	•Increased fluctuation in periodic inspection and maintenance		
Miscellaneous costs	46.4	6.0	14.9	•Increase in revenue-linked cost •Increase in DX-related expenses		
Rental Payments,etc.	6.6	0.0	1.0			
Taxes	9.4	0.3	4.0			
Depreciation and Amortization	30.9	0.9	3.2	•Full-year effect of new assets in operation during fiscal 2023 •Progress of depreciation		
Total	183.7	17.2	10.4			



### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-looking Statements



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- This presentation contains forward-looking statements that are based on JR-West's current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about its business, industry, and capital markets around the world.
- These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "expect", "anticipate", "plan" or similar words. These statements discuss future expectations, identify strategies, contain projections of results of operations or of JR-West's financial condition, or state other forward-looking information.
- Known or unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could cause the actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. JR-West cannot promise that the expectations expressed in these forward-looking statements will turn out to be correct. JR-West's actual results could be materially different from and worse than expectations.
- Important risks and factors that could cause actual results to be materially different from expectations include, but are not limited to:
  - ·expenses, liability, loss of revenue or adverse publicity associated with property or casualty losses;
  - ·economic downturn, deflation and population decreases;
  - ·adverse changes in laws, regulations and government policies in Japan;
  - •service improvements, price reductions and other strategies undertaken by competitors such as passenger railway and airlines companies;
  - infectious disease outbreak and epidemic;
  - ·earthquake and other natural disaster risks; and
  - •failure of computer telecommunications systems disrupting railway or other operations
- All forward-looking statements in this release are made as of August 1, 2023 based on information available to JR-West as of August 1, 2023 and JR-West does not undertake to update or revise any of its forward-looking statements or reflect future events or circumstances.
- Compensation for damages caused by The Accident on the Fukuchiyama Line that occurred on April 25, 2005 is NOT considered in this presentation.