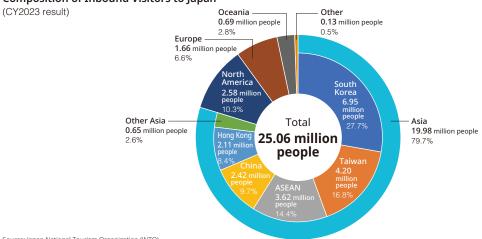
# Operating Environment Note: Calendar years are used in charts

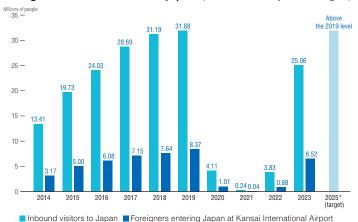
#### Composition of Inbound Visitors to Japan



Source: Japan National Tourism Organization (JNTO)

The total number and the total of the breakdown may not match due to rounding. ASEAN: Thailand, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines, Vietnam

### Changes in Inbound Visitors to Japan (Results for each year and targets)



Source: Japan National Tourism Organization (JNTO), Ministry of Justice

\*The 2025 target is based on the Tourism Nation Promotion Basic Plan (approved by the Cabinet on March 31, 2023).

## Visiting Rate by Prefecture (CY2023 result)

Ranking	Prefecture	Visiting rate %
1	Tokyo	52.9
2	Osaka	39.6
3	Chiba	37.5
4	Kyoto	29.8
5	Fukuoka	12.2
6	Kanagawa	9.1
7	Nara	7.8
8	Yamanashi	6.4
9	Hokkaido	6.1
10	Hyogo	5.9
:	:	:
13	Hiroshima	4.3
:	:	:
19	Ishikawa	2.2

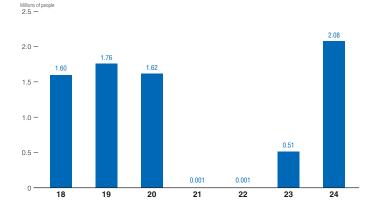
Quantity of responses: 54,569

Note: Blue shaded areas are JR-West's operating area.

Source: International Visitor Survey, Japan National Tourism Organization (JNTO)

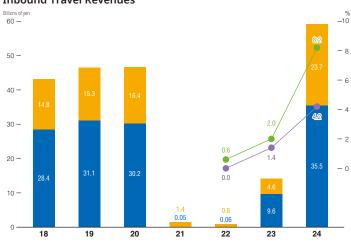
## Results for Visitors Using JR-West\* (Years ended March 31)

#### Number of Users of Exclusive Products\*\*



\*Number of visitors using JR-West: Number of visitors using products for inbound visitors (sales and exchanges in JR-West's operating area)

#### **Inbound Travel Revenues**



■ Transportation revenues
■ Non-transportation revenues

◆ Percentage of inbound transportation revenue among total transportation revenue

◆ Percentage of inbound non-railway revenue among total revenue of group companies (Department Store, Via Inn, Hotels, Travel and Regional Solutions)

\* Transportation revenues: The figures represent the total of JR-West's revenues from exclusive products and estimated regular ticket usage

<sup>\*\*</sup>Exclusive products: Train tickets available only to foreign visitor.